Original Article

Implementation of Minister of Home Regulation Number 17 2016 At The Development Planning, Research and Agency Wajo District Regional Development

Besse Herlina₁,², Rusli Engka², Husnah Rahman³, Ibrahim Hajar⁴
₁,²,³,⁴Universitas Puangrimagallatung, Jalan Sultan Hasanuddin Sengkang, Wajo 90914, Sulawesi Selatan
Correspondence Author: besseherlina23@gmail.com

Abstract:

As part of implementing regional government research and development policies, it can carry out its duties and functions relating to; research, development, study, engineering, implementation, operation and evaluation of policies, hereinafter referred to as main research and development, are scientific activities aimed at generating new understanding/methods and/or developing their practical application in the context of science and technology within the scope of domestic governance. This study aims to determine the implementation of the policy of the Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 and to find out the supporting and inhibiting factors encountered in the implementation of the policy of the Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 at the Wajo Regency Regional Development Planning, Research and Development Agency, using the type of descriptive research with a qualitative approach. The results of this study indicate that, the implementation of the policy of the Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016, seen from the aspect of content and context shows an improvement in governance according to the analysis of regional research and development in carrying out regional development planning programs, by looking at an interest, the benefits of the policy making changes by involving responsive resources and strategies by implementing actors to apply the policy, this shows that the basic reference for this regulation can be carried out properly.

Keywords: Minister of Home Regulation Number 17 2016, Development Planning, Research and Agency Wajo District Regional Development

Introduction

Referring to the Minister of Home Affairs regulation Number 17 of 2016 concerning Guidelines for Research and Development in the Ministry of Home Affairs and Regional Government, which is expected to be implemented and able to answer regional government problems in facilitating the realization of the RPJMD,
through planning involving stakeholders (bureaucrats, academics, non-governmental organizations, community, and community figures) (Permendagri, 2016). This is done in order to obtain valid information and data in determining the policy direction to be taken by the government, both central and regional governments (Suradinata, 1994, 2002; Syafie, 2006; Thoha, 2008, and Wibawa, 1994).

In implementing this policy, regional governments comply with the mandate of the law, namely Law Number 5 of 2014 concerning state civil servants, Law Number 30 of 2014 concerning government administration and Law Number 23 concerning regional government, as the fundamental basis, then the presence of the Wajo Regency Regional Development Planning, Research and Development Agency as part of implementing regional government research and development policies, can carry out its duties and functions relating to; research, development, assessment, engineering, implementation, operation and evaluation of policies, hereinafter referred to as research and development (UU No. 5, 2014; UU No. 30, 2014; and UU No. 23, 2014).

The first is scientific activity which aims to produce new understanding/methods and/or develop practical applications in the context of science and technology within the scope of domestic government administration. Meanwhile, supporting R&D are activities carried out to support the implementation of R&D. The first includes institutional aspects, management, human resources, as well as facilities and infrastructure with the R&D application system, which is a series of information technology devices connected to the internet and managed and utilized for the implementation of R&D. The lack of synergy and collaboration as well as careful planning is appropriate if there is something that needs to be evaluated, this is really needed because the implementation of this policy really helps the public, regional government and central government in determining policy steps, one of which is administering social justice as mandated by the constitution (William, 2003; and Yogi, 2011).

Based on the background of the problem described above, the problem that is the focus of this research is: (1) How is the Implementation of Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 at the Wajo Regency Regional Development Planning, Research and Development Agency? and (2) What factors support and inhibit the implementation of Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 at the Wajo Regency Regional Development Planning, Research and Development Agency? The objectives that are expected to be achieved from this research include: (1) To analyze the implementation of Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 at the Wajo Regency Regional Development Planning, Research and Development Agency and (2) To analyze the supporting and inhibiting factors in implementing the Regulation Minister of Home Affairs Number 17 of 2016 at the Wajo Regency Regional Development Planning, Research and Development Agency.

**Methods**

This research is located at the Development Planning, Research and Development Agency Wajo Regency area with the address at Jalan Rusa Wajo Regent’s Office Complex. This research using descriptive research with a qualitative approach, namely a form of research provide an overview of the object being observed or the focus of research. Which is a source of information data of 5 people, namely 3 employees from the Development Planning, Research and Development Agency Regional Development of Wajo Regency, namely; Head of Agency, Secretary of the Agency, Head of Research and
Development, as well as 1 person from Academics and 1 person from the community. For data collection and information in the field using several data collection techniques, namely through interviews and documentation. In the plan to test the validity of the data, the author uses a data credibility test with extension of participant observation, triangulation, discussion with colleagues. Credibility Testing, Transferability, Dependability and Confirmability testing.

Results

Implementation of the policy of Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 concerning Guidelines for Research and Development in the Ministry of Home Affairs and Regional Government

Based on the description of the research results above, the author will describe and elaborate on the findings using interviews and in-depth analysis regarding policy implementation, where there are two dimensions that are factors in the success of policy implementation and nine indicators that are analytical tools, which the author has obtained by referring to Grindle's view (Pasolong, 2007:23).

Content (policy content)

Based on the research results found above, researchers have carried out observations and interviews using data validation with credibility tests through extended observation and triangulation, so the following has written a description of the relationship to content in the perspective of policy implementation of Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 concerning Guidelines Research and Development at the Ministry of Home Affairs and Regional Government is reviewed from:

a. The interests of everyone involved, this policy was born from all relevant stakeholders who have the same interests and goals, but an empirical analysis is needed in carrying out various matters of interest, both government, private parties and the general public. Of the many government matters that are accommodated, whose interests will take priority and this is in accordance with the mandate of the Government's Vision and Mission in organizing a government that supports the public interest. This shows that the aspect of interest in policy content is directed at meeting public expectations through the government's participation and seriousness in involving the public, academics and other parties, in order to contribute to resolving public problems regarding a policy that will be implemented well.

b. There are various benefits, where the implementation of development programmed by the regional government has gone through various analyzes of regional impacts and capabilities which are directed towards the community and the technical implementation is carried out by ASN administratively and provides opportunities for the business world and the community. The benefits intended for this policy are public and have value in improving people's welfare in accordance with the aims and objectives of development and this has been implemented well. This shows that the useful aspect of the content of the policy to be implemented has been directed at the right suggestions and the policy fulfills public needs and the policy becomes a guideline for good government administration or governance in carrying out its duties and functions as previously planned.

c. To what extent will changes be realized, where over time each program will experience changes including its technical implementation, these changes are related to government governance in certain fields and elements, especially in aspects of the
basic needs of society, this analysis is very important and is carried out considering that meeting public expectations and needs is very dynamic, change is interpreted as an implementation strategy, this has been carried out by employees and stakeholders in determining a better policy. This shows that aspects of changes in policy content are directed at improving implementation strategies and adapting public needs to existing developments. The changes show the results of evaluations in government administration to carry out regional development programs well.

d. Place for decision making, this policy shows that the results of the evaluation are the basis for making decisions related to planning and implementing development programs from various elements carried out by the regional government so that decision making in implementing policies requires evaluation and this has been carried out well. This shows that in making decisions, it cannot be separated from policies that are well planned and implemented according to the program.

e. Available resources, which are interpreted as organizational and regional strengths in designing a development program plan. Program implementation is a policy that adheres to the elements contained in the Regulations and Legislation. In normative analysis, the government in administering government can implement development programs and adapt them to good resources. This shows that the resource aspect in implementing policies is a strength in analyzing development strategies in a regional government. This resource provides analysis to provide attention to various elements of government administration and policy implementing actors properly. Based on the content (Content of policy), it can be said that the implementation of Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 concerning Guidelines for Research and Development in the Ministry of Home Affairs and Regional Government has gone well.

Policy Context

With regard to the informants' results regarding interview information, it can be explained that the implementation of the policy of Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 concerning Research and Development Guidelines is seen from the context side, namely:

a. Policy with a strategy of policy implementing actors, where this implementation is more about building a strategy with a system that is built in managing the results of regional leadership decision making, this has been regulated and structured in the implementation mechanism so that it can be more effective. Actors are able to carry out existing rules and regulations, especially in good governance. That the aspect of the policy context using patterns and strategies for achieving results is the pattern and way of working of policy implementing actors so that government programs can be directed and have benefits for society. Government decision making using actor strategies in its implementation cannot be separated from a system that is guided by well-applied rules and regulations.

b. In relation to institutional strategy, it shows that the actors' work patterns and structures have been well developed, the existing rules and regulations are used as the basis. The context of policy implementation with institutional strategies has been elaborated and integrated between existing fields so that employee activity processes can be easily carried out and can be completed efficiently and effectively. This institutional strategy serves as a guideline for all employees and the development planning workflow can be affiliated with OPD. This shows that the institutional
strategy aspect of the policy context is more about the application of a system that is built to carry out the results of decision making, this strategy is more about making it easier for actors to fulfill their tasks more efficiently and effectively, by using a method of achieving this through an integrated and distributed system so that activities can be executed quickly and precisely.

c. Policies with aspects of conformity to responsive rules, where the actors implementing the policy have adhered to the principles which are the basis for carrying out their service activities well. This can be seen from the aspect of responsiveness by prioritizing achieving results and carrying out with norms and ethics, so that the activity context can run well. This shows that the aspect of conformity to principles is responsive, where the actors implementing policies comply with the principles and ethics in the organization. This context leads to strategies in adapting the principles that serve as guidelines for all employees in carrying out their functions, carrying out programs while still referring to the provisions and carrying them out according to positive responses, this can be carried out well.

d. Linkage to the policy context, as part of an application that has an impact on society, is the ultimate goal of policy. The context of the impact of this policy is interpreted as the government's seriousness in managing development program plans by referring to the rules in their application properly. The context of this policy involves all elements of the public so that implementation decisions have a direct impact on public expectations. This shows that the impact of decision making is the efforts of implementing actors to understand the aims and objectives of the policy and carry it out based on existing provisions. This impact is a measuring tool for the implementation of the policy well. Based on the context (Context of implementation), it can be said that the implementation of Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 concerning Guidelines for Research and Development in the Ministry of Home Affairs and Regional Government has gone well.

Supporting and Inhibiting Factors

Supporting factors

The implementation of this policy is supported due to the availability of human resources and the existence of adequate service facilities and infrastructure where human resources in service institutions have been met with the number of employees and competence and ability in managing development data and work plans can be amplified well. The number of employees in the ASN category with a level of skill in using technology, especially managing IT-based data, has helped the organization’s overall work program, which increasingly requires better handling and completion of services to the community. The context of the availability of service facilities and infrastructure is also changing and availability can help handle public problems, especially problems with development and government data systems and mechanisms or good governance.

Human resources as policy implementing actors have sufficient numbers and have good academic qualifications and competencies. This is done to ensure that employee recruitment is adjusted to the level of workload which really requires good skills, especially aspects of data management that use applications and technology. high enough so that the connectivity of the managed data can synergize with several OPDs in accordance with the competence of each field. This is done because this organization is central to the development activities and activities of each OPD.
The availability of very supportive infrastructure is also something that can support overall policies that can be implemented well, this is the main factor so that all activities can be completed well. Potential resources and good skills are the first elements in making a program plan a success. This is also supported by good and available service facilities and infrastructure. This factor shows that there is a balance of policy implementing actors so that policies can be implemented well.

Obstacle factor

One of the inhibiting factors that hinders the process of implementing this Minister of Home Affairs Regulation is that standard operational procedures in the field of research and development and understanding of duties and functions are often ignored, resulting in delays in completion of activities. This also has an impact on the overall effectiveness of work within the organization, especially the availability of data to be processed from employees, namely the imbalance in the number of reports or OPD programs which will be analyzed in terms of the budget and number of existing programs.

In this context, after the author confirmed through interviews with the leadership, that currently the organization is coordinating with the Regent and Regency Regional Secretary as well as the OPD Leadership to carry out a policy determination by taking into account the Regional’s ability to carry out the RPJMD program in the following year, the things that become Of course several reasons for obstacles were found and solutions were used so that the process of implementing Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 could be carried out in accordance with existing provisions and develop a strategy in its implementation so that all obstacles encountered could be minimized and become a reference in making good decisions.

Conclusion

Implementation of Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 17 of 2016 concerning Research and Development Guidelines in Wajo Regency shows significant progress in the two identified aspects. First, in terms of policy content, there has been an improvement in government governance in accordance with regional research and development analysis. This reflects the government’s commitment to administering government that supports the public interest, by involving various impact analyzes and regional capabilities to pay attention to the basic needs of the community. Second, from the implementation context aspect, responsive strategies by implementing actors have enabled clear government program direction and provided benefits to the community. The involvement of all public elements in this process ensures that implementation decisions are in line with public expectations and existing standards. Supporting factors such as resources and employee competency, as well as a better understanding of standard operational procedures, have helped smooth policy implementation. However, challenges still arise from several OPDs who do not fully understand these standards. To overcome this, dissemination of the duties and functions of the Research and Development sector in the Wajo Regency Regional Development Planning, Research and Development Agency is the key to minimizing these obstacles. Thus, the implementation of this policy continues to move towards its goals by reducing obstacles and strengthening existing support.
Suggestion

To increase the effectiveness of implementing Research and Development policies in Wajo Regency, it is recommended to provide further training to employees in various relevant Regional Apparatus Organizations (OPD). In addition, communication and coordination between the Development Planning, Research and Regional Development Agency and other OPDs need to be improved to ensure a better understanding of the role of each unit in implementing policies. Likewise, it is important to identify and overcome obstacles in the dissemination of the duties and functions of the Research and Development sector in the Development Planning Agency. With these steps, it is hoped that policy implementation can run more smoothly and efficiently, and have a more positive impact on the people of Wajo Regency.

References
Permendagri No. 17 Tahun 2016 Tentang Pedoman Penelitian dan Pengembangan di Kementerian Dalam Negeri dan Pemerintahan Daerah
Undang-Undang No. 23 Tahun 2014 Tentang Pemerintahan Daerah
Undang-Undang No. 30 Tahun 2014 Tentang Administrasi Pemerintahan
Undang-Undang No. 5 Tahun 2014 Tentang Aparatur Sipil Negara